الممسورية الجرائرية الديمقراطية الشعبية

الديوان الوطني للامتعاناتم والمسابقات

وزارة التربية الوطنية

امتحان بكالوريا التعليم الثانوي (دورة جوان 2001)

السمسدة : ساعتان

ــعـــبـــة : آداب وعلوم اسلامية + آداب وعلوم انسانية

اختبار فى مادة الأنجليزية

SECTION ONE: READING COMPREHENSION (08 pts)

Read the passage carefully then do the activities .

Demography is the study of the change in size, distribution and character of the human population; and the two basic factors in demography are the birth - rate and the death-rate. The former expresses the number of children-born per thousand people per year, while the latter indicates the number of people who die per thousand people per year. If we consider the Earth as a whole, we see that population growth or decline is caused by the difference between the number of births or deaths over a given period. There are normally more births than deaths, and this is known as a natural increase in population.

Before the recent developments in agriculture, medicine and industry, life was difficult. It was hard to make a living from the soil without modern farming methods; and a few years of bad crops could mean famine and therefore death - as it still does in some parts of the world. Illnesses as mild and as common as influenza could kill a Stone- Age man weakened by hunger; appendicitis (almost without risk today) was always fatal before the days of modern surgery. Even childbirth was a hazardous process. Under these conditions, the human race needed to reproduce at a high rate just to keep in existence. But the size of the population did not change very rapidly because without modern medicine, many babies and young children died. So, for a long time, the population grew very slowly.

- 1 How many paragraphs are there in the above passage?
- 2 Are these statements true or false? On your answer sheet, write the sentence letter and ** T ** or ** F ** next to it .
 - a The birth-rate expresses the number of children born per 1000 people per year.
 - b There are normally more deaths than births .
 - c Life was difficult before the recent developments in agriculture, medicine and industry.
 - d In the past, the population grew very fast.
- 3 Answer the following questions according to the text
 - a What does demography study?
 - b How did the human race manage to keep in existence in the past?

اقلب السمستفسحة

المفحة 1 / 2

4 - On your answer sheet, write the title which you think is most appropriate a - Population Growth : Past and Present . b - Hunger and Population . c - Development in Agriculture, Medicine and Industry. 5 - Match each word with its opposite. Words Opposites a - slowly I - decline b - modern 2 - rare c - growth 3 - fast d - common 4 - classical SECTION TWO: MASTERY OF LANGUAGE (08 pts) 1 - Match each word with its corresponding definition. Words **Definitions** a - death-rate 1 - the inhabitants of a country b - famine 2 - reduce in number c - population 3 - the number of people who die per year d - decline 4 - shortage of food 2 - Give the past tense and past participle of the following verbs: a – to express b – to see c - to give 3 - Complete sentence (b) so that it means the same as sentence (a) 1. (a) << The size of the population did not change, >> he said (b) He said that 2. (a) Influenza could kill a Stone-Age man (b) A Stone-Age man 4 - Reorder the following sentences to make a coherent paragraph . a - As a result, the population growth pattern has begun to change: b - Consequently the population grows at a high speed. c - adults live longer and fewer children die at a very early age . d - New discoveries in medical science and modern farming methods have improved people's life. SECTION THREE: WRITTEN EXPRESSION. (04 pts) Choose one of the following topics, TOPIC 1 - Using the following notes, write a composition of about 100 words on the consequences of population explosion: - poverty - malnutrition housing problems - illiteracy - unemployment - delinquency TOPIC_2 --Write a composition of about 100 words on the following topic: What measures could be taken by governments and individuals to reduce population growth? بالحتب فسيسق المفحة 2/2